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| **Date Assigned: 9/29/13** | **Date Due: 10/2/13** |
| **Unit:** Methodology | **Turn In List:** **1. Terms** |
| *“I will be able to identify and prescribe solutions for various types of errors in a program.”* | |

**Working with Errors: What happens when a program breaks or fails?**

**Content Objectives:** Students will be able to identify and resolve syntax, runtime and logic errors while stepping through an application.

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| **Starter Activity** |
| Use a while loop to accomplish the following result:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **Code** | **Result** | | // Paste code here:  void setup(){  size(200,200);  }  void draw(){  int i = 0;  while(i<=width){  line(0,i,width,i);  i+=20;  }    noLoop();  } | Macintosh HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2013-10-03 at 6.49.48 AM.png |   Use a for loop to accomplish the following result:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **Code** | **Result** | | // Paste code here:  void setup(){  size(200,200);  }  void draw(){  for (int i = 0; i <=height; i = i+=10) {  line(0,i,width,i);  }  noLoop();  } | Macintosh HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2013-10-03 at 6.49.48 AM.png | |

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| **Key Terms:** | |
| Syntax Error | An error that you cannot compile and you cannot run the application. |
| Runtime Error | Your code can still run run but something happens at the runtime of the application. No problem with the code. |
| Logic Error | An error that still allows you to run the application. Somewhere along the lines it is producing an outcome that was not predicted. |
| Break Point | Function of the ide halts the application and allows you to look at code. |
| Iterate or Iteration | The two terms are the same and are looping. |

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| **Assignment:** |
| Complete the code to accomplish the result on the right:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | size(200,200);  background(255);  float w= width ;  while(w >=0){  stroke(0);  fill(w);  ellipse(width/2,height/2,w,w);  w-= 20;  } | Macintosh HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2013-10-03 at 9.45.11 AM.png |   Complete the code to accomplish the result on the right:   |  |  | | --- | --- | | size(200,200);  background(255);  for(int w= width;w>=0;w-=20){  stroke(0);  fill(w);  ellipse(width/2,height/2,w,w);  } | Macintosh HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2013-10-03 at 9.45.11 AM.png |   Use a nested loop to create random filled rectangles inside a canvas (8 lines of code in a for loop):   |  |  | | --- | --- | | size(200,200);  for (\_\_\_\_\_; \_\_\_\_\_; \_\_\_\_\_) {  for (\_\_\_\_\_=\_\_\_\_\_< height; y+=\_\_\_\_\_) {  fill(\_\_\_\_\_);  rect(\_\_\_\_\_);  }  } | Macintosh HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2013-10-03 at 7.21.37 AM.png |   **Etch-A-Sketch**  Modify the code below to create an algorithm to write your name.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | int x, y;  void setup() {  size(400,400);  frameRate(10);  // Set start coords  x = 0;  y = 0;  }  void draw() {  fill(255);  drawName();  noLoop();  }  // Algorithm for your first name  void drawName() {  moveRight(1);  }  // Method to draw right line  void moveRight(int rep) {  for(int i=0;i<rep\*10;i++){  point(x+i,y);  }  x=x+(10\*rep);  } | Mac HD:Users:kkapptie:Desktop:Screen Shot 2014-09-29 at 6.40.57 AM.png | |

Notes (Points of interest, mistakes, lessons learned, web resources, and thoughts):

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